



User Manual - English

This manual applies to the following Y-cam products:

Y-cam Cube Y-cam Cube 720 Y-cam Cube 1080

White: YCW005White: YCWHD5White: YCWHD6Black: YCB005Black: YCBHD5Black: YCBHD6

Features and operations listed in this manual depend on the specific model. Each cameras model name can be found on the reverse of the camera.

Please read this manual carefully before attempting to install or operate this product.

Please retain this manual for your future reference. This User Manual is a work-in-progress and is constantly being updated. You are invited to check the website regularly for updated versions.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing a Y-cam internet video camera.

Please read the following instructions carefully before attempting to install or use the camera.

The Y-cam can be accessed remotely, and controlled from any PC/laptop over an Intranet or the Internet via a web browser. The user friendly installation procedure and intuitive web-based interface allows easy integration with your home or business network or Wi-Fi. The Y-cam also comes with motion detection software that can generate alarm triggers via e-mail and by uploading images straight to a website.

Notice

This product may cause interference with other wireless equipment that operate at 2.4GHz ISM band. In the event of interference please turn off one of the devices or move it to a safe distance.

Product Assurance

This 2.4GHz wireless camera meets wireless frequency security standards and recommended indexes during operation. These standards and indexes are certificated by the academic organization as illustrated in the following paragraphs.

1.1 Approval Information

All our products meet the requirements for approval by FCC and CE, and are authorized to bear the FCC and CE mark.

FCC: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and radiates radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. -Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver. -Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. -Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation Changes and modification not expressly approved by the manufacturer or registrant of this equipment can void your authority to operate this equipment under Federal Communications Commissions rules

CE: This product complies with standards including Low Voltage Device Directive 73/23/EEC; EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC. It passed the subject tests by the authority concerned and is authorized to bear CE mark.

1.2 Restrictions

- 1. DO NOT use this product to violate one's privacy. Monitoring one's activities without consent is illegal and this product is not designed and manufactured for such purpose.
- 2. DO NOT put this product near any medical equipment. Radio waves might potentially cause breakdown of electrical medical equipment.
- 3. This product should be placed at least 1 foot away from any heart pacemaker. Radio waves might potentially influence a heart pacemaker.
- 4. DO NOT use this product for any illegal activities. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the usage of this camera is of a legal nature.

1.3 Power Supply

This product conforms to the following approvals:



UL Mark

American power supply authentication



SAA Mark

Australia power supply authentication



CE Mark

European Union power supply authentication



PSE Mark

Japan power supply authentication



GS Mark

German power supply authentication



CCC Mark

China power supply authentication

When using the power adapter, make sure your power rating is compatible with that of the device to avoid potential damage.



Please note: Y-cam Power Supplies are not interchangeable. The Power Adaptor supplied with your Y-cam should not be used with other models of Y-cam, and may cause product failure for other products. Always check the voltage of the Power Supply you are using with the corresponding model.

1.4 Maintenance

- 1. Ensure that the Y-cam and its power source have sufficient ventilation.
- 2. Do not shake, strike or drop the product.
- 3. Keep the camera dry and dustless and avoid exposing it to direct sunlight.
- 4. Do not place the product near any magnetic objects.
- 5. Avoid putting the product in places where there is constant change in temperature and humidity
- 6. Keep the product away from heat sources.
- 7. Do not use the camera near aggressive chemicals.
- 8. Do not use this camera near water (unless the camera is specified as waterproof).
- 9. Do not use the camera in the places which are enclosed by metal. The surrounding metal may shield the electromagnetic waves, and result in failure of signal reception.
- 10. Please follow your local government environment protection policies.
- 11. Please turn off the power when left unused.
- 12. Do not disassemble or attempt to repair the camera; doing so might cause damage to the product and will invalidate warranty.



Applies to products: YCW005, YCB005, YCWHD5, YCBHD5, YCWHD6, YCBHD6

Please note: Infrared LEDs produce heat. Do not place any objects within 10cm of the LEDs or allow any object to come in contact with the dome covering the LEDs.

1.5 Recommendations

- 1. New firmware versions are released periodically and they provide new features, improvement to existing features, fixes to known issues or bugs etc. It is strongly recommended that you upgrade to the latest firmware version available for your Y-cam product before set-up begins (as settings may be lost). To ensure that you have the most recent firmware, please visit http://www.y-cam.com.
- 2. New versions of the software available on the Setup CD may also be available, to ensure that you have the most recent versions, please visit http://www.y-cam.com.
- 3. It is recommended that Y-cam products are not installed near microwave ovens or DECT phones (cordless phones) as these devices tend to interfere with the Wi-Fi signal.

1.6 Minimum System Requirements

A PC or Mac is required for the initial setup of a Y-cam only and once the camera is configured, a Y-cam can be used independently without being connected to a computer.

Network requirements:

- Network Connection: 10/100 Mbps Ethernet
- Wireless router (if wireless connectivity required)
- Broadband Connection: Minimum 128kb/s upload speed (if internet access to your Y-cam is required)

PC Requirements:

- Processor: Intel Pentium III, 800MHz or Higher (Pentium IV, 2GHz or higher recommended)
- Memory (RAM): 128Mb (256Mb or higher recommended).
- Operating System: Windows 2000, XP, Vista, Windows 7
- Web Browser: Internet Explorer Version 5.5 or above, Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome.
- Plug-ins: QuickTime (for non-IE browsers)

Mac Requirements:

- Processor: 800MHz PowerPC G4 or Intel.
- Memory (RAM): 128Mb (256Mb or higher recommended).
- Operating System: Mac OSX 10.4 Tiger.
- Web Browser: Safari, Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome and most other browsers
- Plug-ins: QuickTime

English

1.7 EU Environmental Protection

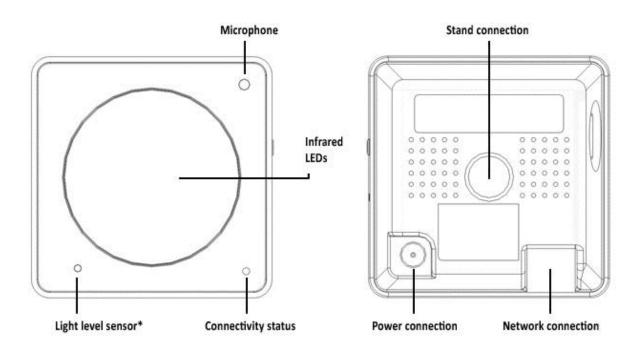
Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check with your Local Authority or retailer for recycling advice.

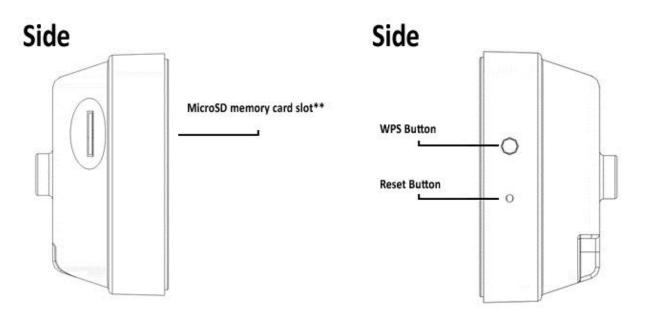
2.0 EXPLORING YOUR Y-CAM

2.1 Y-cam Cube range at a glance

Applies to products: YCW005, YCB005, YCWHD5, YCBHD5, YCWHD6, YCBHD6

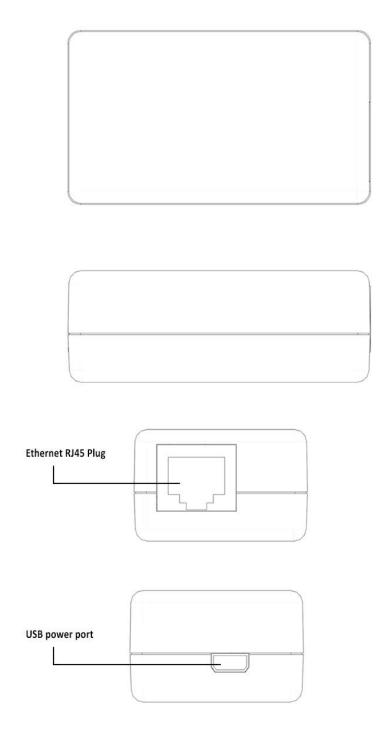
Front Reverse





2.2 Y-cam Cube PoE dongle (optional accessory)

Applies to products: YCW005, YCB005, YCWHD5, YCBHD5, YCWHD6, YCBHD6



To power the Cube using Y-cam Cube PoE Dongle accessory (sold separately) connect the camera to the dongle with supplied miniUSB cable and then connect the Ethernet cable to Ethernet port on the PoE Dongle.

Note: To power the camera using PoE, a PoE 802.3af compatible switch is required

2.3 microSD Card Information and Installation

Applies to products: YCW005, YCB005, YCWHD5, YCBHD5, YCWHD6, YCBHD6

Adding a microSD to your Y-cam will allow you to record footage and motion alerts direct to memory card for future review.



Please note: It is advised to insert the microSD card before any other setup begins as the card will not be recognized if inserted once the Y-cam is turned on. Every time the card is reinserted, you will need to turn the power off and then on again for the card to be recognized.

If you do not have a microSD card, but plan to add one later, this is fine. When inserting the card, remember to turn the power off from the camera, insert the card, and then power it back on.

The Y-cam officially supports microSD memory cards with capacities upto 64GB, including those labelled "SDHC".

It is required to install the SD card into the camera and format it within the camera. This option can be found under the Storage menu.

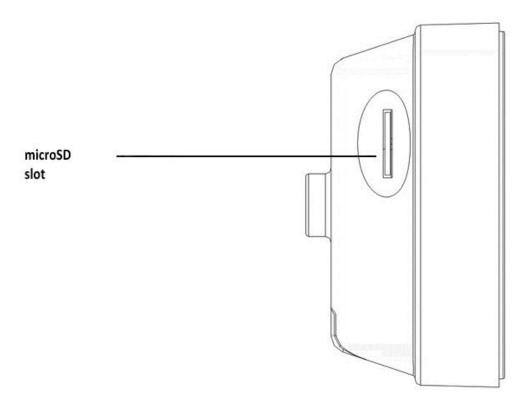
MicroSD Important Notes and Information

- 1. There is a limit to the number of rewrites possible on any MicroSD memory card. If you notice the card becoming slow or sluggish after a reasonable usage, you will probably need to replace the microSD memory card. You should try to avoid purchasing second-hand memory cards.
- 2. If the card is not recognized by the Y-cam, try formatting the microSD card via your computer and then trying it again in the camera.
- 3. Images may not be recorded or read correctly if an unsupported MicroSD memory card is used with the Y-cam.
- 4. Carefully read the User guide, precautions on use, and any other information that was supplied with the memory card when purchased.
- 5. Do not use a memory card containing data recorded by another device as this may result in the Y-cam not functioning correctly.
- 6. Do not modify, overwrite the data, or change the folder names of the MicroSD memory card. It may result in the Y-cam not functioning correctly.
- 7. Always turn the power off to your camera before removing the microSD memory card.
- 8. Y-cam Solutions Ltd cannot be held liable for any loss of data or product misuse.

2.3.1 microSD card installation

The microSD memory card slot can be found on the side of the Y-cam. The card can only be inserted into the camera with the golden pins of the microSD card facing the front of the camera. The SD card should not be forced into the SD card slot as this may damage the Y-cam.

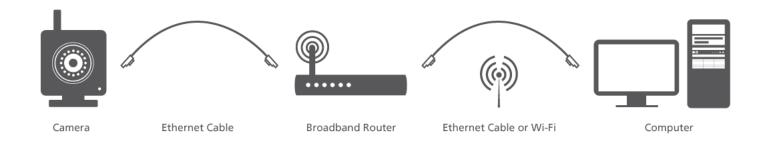




3.0 INSTALLATION

For initial setup, you need to connect the Y-cam directly to your router or switch with a network cable. **You cannot connect wirelessly to the camera without first setting it up via a network cable.**

You should connect the Y-cam directly in to your internet router (normally supplied by your broadband provider) or a network switch or hub (that is connected to your computers network).

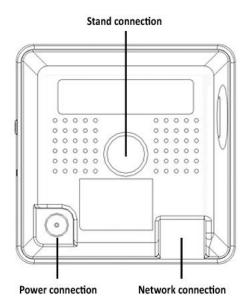


Using the standard Ethernet network cable, plug this in to the USB to Ethernet cable supplied with your camera. Once connected, please plug in the USB cable directly into the Y-cam. The USB port will only fit one way so please ensure not force this into the socket as this may damage the Y-cam and void your warranty.

Using the Power Adaptor (supplied), plug one end in to the Power Connection socket on the Y-cam. Plug the other end in to an electrical socket and turn the power on.

The Connectivity Status LEDs will light up*. Your router/switch will then begin to communicate with the camera.

Reverse



You can now proceed to the Software Installation section.

4.0 Y-CAM SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

We're now going to run the Setup CD provided in the Y-cam box. This will install utility called Y-cam Setup software on your computer. This is for PC and Mac. Y-cam Setup software searches your local network and displays any cameras it finds. It's very useful if you ever forget the address of you camera or in this case, when you first install it.

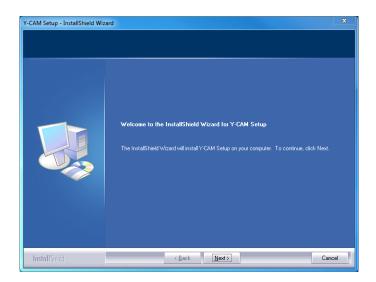
4.1 Y-cam Software Installation for Windows

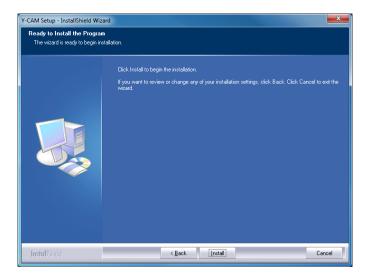
1. Insert the Setup CD into your CD drive and the installation screen should appear automatically.

If it doesn't, navigate to your CD drive on your computer and then run "Autorun.exe"

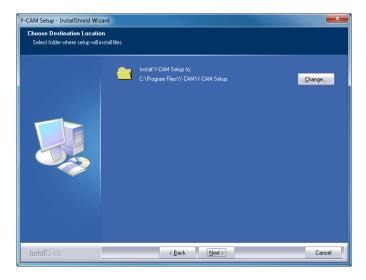


2. Click on "Install Y-cam Setup" and the following screen will be displayed. Click "Next".

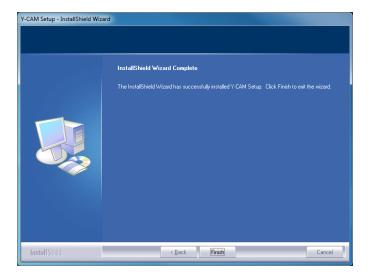




3. If you want to change the default folder click "Change" to replace otherwise click "Next"



4. Click "Install" to install the Y-cam Setup utility.



5. Click Finish to end the installation. You should now find a Y-cam icon on your Desktop.

4.2 Y-cam Software Installation for Mac

- 1. Insert the Y-cam Setup CD into your CD drive.
- 2. Browse to the disk and open the Mac directory. Inside is the Y-cam Setup.
- 3. Move this file to your Desktop (or place of choosing) and double-click on **Y-cam.app** to run the program. **Note:** If you get a warning saying "Do you want the application 'Y-CAM.app' to accept incoming network connections?" Click "Allow"

Below are OS specific procedures to allow the Y-cam Setup software to search for cameras on the network.

Please Note: Leaving ports open can expose you to malicious attacks from the internet or other computers around you. Please make sure you revert the settings back to their current state after following any of the below procedures and setting up your cameras.

OSX 10.4 (Tiger)

- 1. Click on "System Preferences"
- 2. Click on "Sharing" in the Internet and Network section.
- 3. Select "Firewall" tab then click "Advanced"
- 4. Make sure the check box next to "Block UDP Traffic" is un-ticked then click "Ok"
- 5. Quit System Preferences and test the Y-cam Setup software again.

OSX 10.5 (Leopard)

- 1. Click on "System Preferences"
- 2. Click on "Security" in the "Personal" section
- 3. Select the "Firewall" tab
- 4. Select "Allow all incoming connections"
- 5. Close the window and wait for a few seconds (around 30 seconds) for the system to update the adapter settings then run Y-cam setup.

OSX 10.6 & 10.7 (Snow Leopard & Lion)

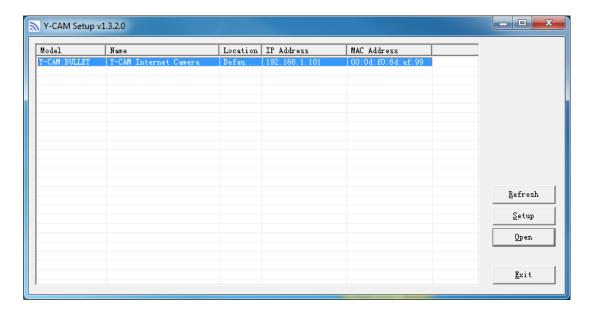
- 1. Click on "System Preferences"
- 2. Click on "Security" in the "Personal" section
- 3. Select the "Firewall" tab then click on "Advanced"
- 4. Select "Automatically allow signed software to receive incoming connections"
- 5. Click on the "+" button and locate and select the Y-cam Setup program then click "Add". You should now "Y-cam Allow incoming connections" in the table.
- 6. Close the window and wait for a few seconds (around 30 seconds) for the system to update the adapter settings.
- 7. Close any versions of the Y-cam Setup that are running and then run the program again.

4.3 Finding your Camera with Y-cam Setup

Now you have your camera attached and the software ready, you are ready to find your camera on your network.

Double-click the Y-cam icon on your Desktop to launch the Y-cam Setup program.

The Y-cam Setup utility should automatically find your camera if it is correctly connected (See image below).



Sometimes the program may take a few minutes to find your camera, so if your camera isn't displayed, wait a few moments and then click "Refresh" to search for cameras again.

[Refresh] – Searches your local network for cameras.

[Setup] - Select the required camera and click Setup to configure the network settings for the camera.

[Open] - Select the required camera and click Open to access the camera via a web browser.

[Exit] - Click Exit to close the Y-cam Setup window.

Anytime you lose the IP address of your Y-cam camera, you can run the Setup software to easily find it again.

Once your camera is displayed, either chose "Open" to open the camera.



Please note: Y-cam Setup will only detect cameras that are on the same network as your computer. Ensure the camera is plugged in to the same router/network switch that your computer is connected to.

5.0 WELCOME TO YOUR Y-CAM!

Once you have used the Y-cam Setup Software to find your camera and opened your selected camera, you will be greeted with the **Y-cam Homepage** for your camera (which should look something like the below screenshot depending on your model)



[Live View] Lets you view live video transmitted by the camera.

[Settings] This section allows you to setup your camera with its various settings.

The address in the web browsers address bar should look something like http://192.168.1.50 – this is your cameras internal IP address.



Accessing this homepage is a common way to access the camera when you are using it on your local network, so it may be worth writing down the address that is displayed in your web browsers address bar or bookmarking it (Ctrl+D) so you can come back later. Of course, you can run Y-cam Setup at any time to find it again, but it may save you time to bookmark it.

Clicking either "Live View" or "Settings" will bring up a Login panel, similar to the below screenshot:



The default username and password for a Y-cam is:

Username: admin Password: 1234

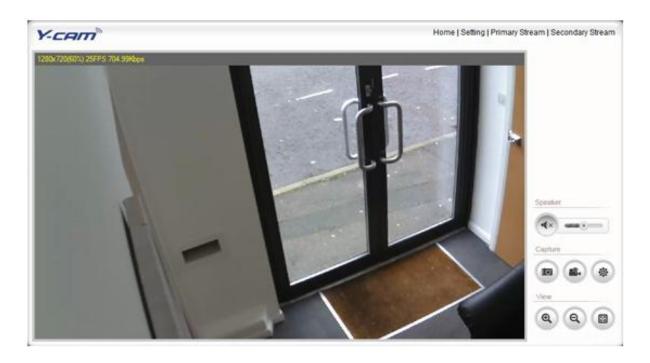
This is login is case sensitive, so should be entered exactly as they are above. It is recommended you change your password as soon as you are logged in - to avoid unauthorised access to the camera. Make a note of the password somewhere safe, as the only way to reset the password is to reset the cameras, so all settings will be lost.



Please note: The password can be any mixture of lower and uppercase alpha-numeric characters. Extended characters are not permitted.

5.1 Live View (using Internet Explorer)

Upon verification of the username and password, the camera image will load. Please note that when using the camera for the first time, you will be prompted to install an ActiveX Control. Please follow the on-screen instructions to download and install this control. You will then view the following screen:



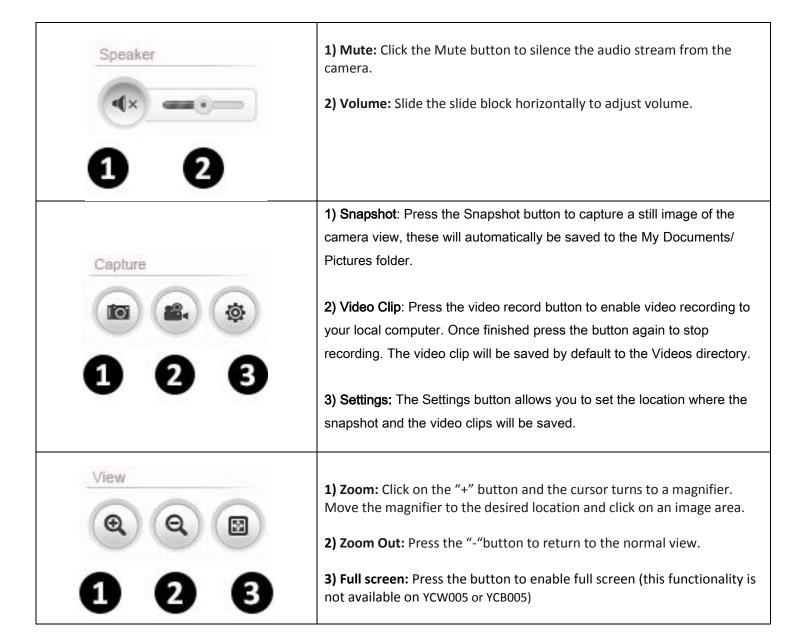
The two links at the top of the screen are Home and Settings.

[Home] This takes you back to your Y-cam Homepage.

[Settings] This will take you to the cameras internal settings.

Please view the next page for an explanation of the Operating Bar settings.

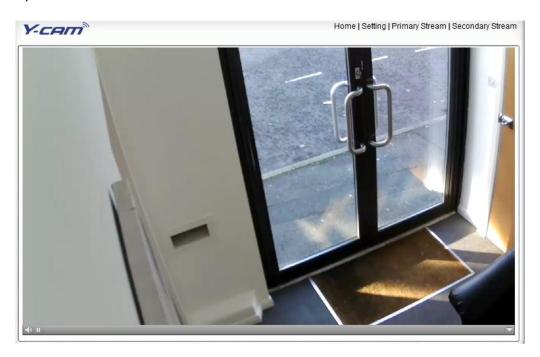
5.1.1 Explanation of Operating Bar



5.2 Live View (using Firefox, Safari and other browsers)

Upon verification of the username and password, the camera image will begin to load.

QuickTime or your media program may ask you to re-enter your login username and password at this point. This is common on most systems.





Please note: You need to have QuickTime Pro Installed on your system to record videos directly from the web browser if you are using a program other than Internet Explorer.

The links at the top of the screen are Home, Settings, Secondary Stream and Motion JPEG.

[Home] This takes you back to your Y-cam Homepage.

[Settings] will take you to the cameras internal settings.

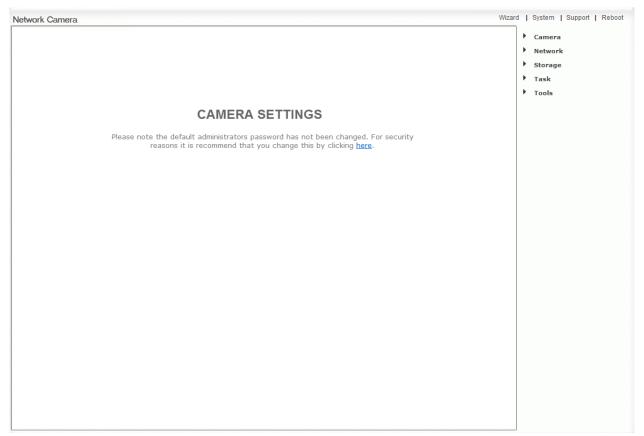
[Secondary Stream] This is set via your settings, and is useful if you need a lower resolution stream for certain devices (e.g. some mobiles and software)

[Motion JPEG] This is a continuous motion JPEG stream – without any audio.

6.0 Y-CAM SETTINGS

You can now view your camera live, but this is only on your local network, so you can now refine and customise the settings of the Y-cam. This entire next section deals with the Y-cam Settings menu.

To continue with Y-cam customisation, access your Y-cam's Settings page by clicking on the "Settings" word from your Live View, or click on the word "Settings" from the Y-cam Homepage.



This is the default Settings screen. The Menu Panel contains a range of dropdown sections which expand and contract depending on selection.



Please note: If you are installing the camera for the first time or after a reset to factory defaults, you are advised to change the cameras default password as per the message displayed.

Changing the cameras default password is **highly recommended** to stop unauthorised access to your camera.

CAMERA SETTINGS

Please note the default administrators password has not been changed. For security reasons it is recommend that you change this by clicking here.

Click the link displayed to access the Administrator Password editing page.



The Administrator username is always "admin" in lowercase.

Choose a password that is memorable only to you – **avoid** passwords that are easy to guess, such as "password" "admin" "123456" "ycam" or your personal details.

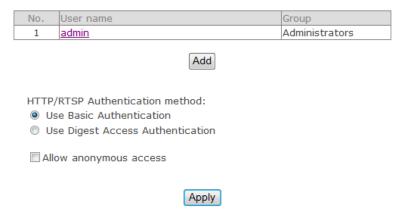


Please note: Keep this password safe. The only way to recover from a lost password is to reset the camera back to its default settings, and this will wipe all other settings.

Once you have typed your password twice, click Save. The system will then ask you to login again. You should then see the following screen:

* User modified successfully!

User Management

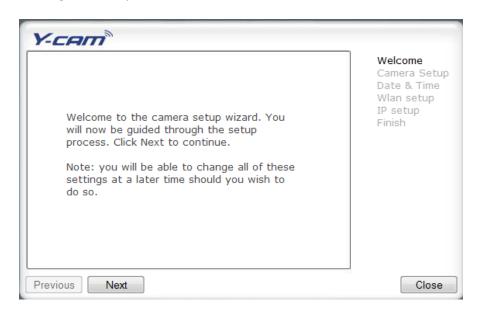


6.1 Quick Setup with the Wizard

To make the setup process slightly quicker for users, we have created a Setup Wizard which takes you through common options to getting your Y-cam setup wirelessly and with your custom settings.

Within the Settings screen, click on "Wizard" in the Header Menu.

The Wizard will launch in a new window. Follow the simple instructions on the screen and enter the required details, clicking next to proceed through each step.



With this Wizard, you will be able to set the:

- Name of Camera
- Quality of Picture you wish to view
- Time Zone
- System Time
- Wi-Fi Setup
- TCP/IP Setup

This should help you get your camera setup and working very quickly at a basic level.

6.2 System Page

From within the Settings menu, clicking on "System" at the top right will list the system information of your Y-cam.

This screen is one of the most useful in the Y-cam Settings. This screen lists information you may need if you want connect to your camera from other systems. It's a great way to check if your camera has all the details needed to operate correctly.

System information

System	
Model:	Y-CAM:BULLET
System up time:	0 Days 18:50:00
BIOS/Loader version:	2.1 (build 0001)
Firmware version:	4.21 (build 20101016)
ActiveX Control version:	1,2,6,0
MAC address:	00:0d:f0:63:6f:95 (000DF0636F95)
Wireless	
Status:	No connection
Ethernet	
Status:	connected
Mode:	Dynamic
IP address:	192.168.1.3
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	192.168.1.1
PPPoE	
Status:	No connection
DNS Server	
Primary DNS IP address:	192.168.1.1
Secondary DNS IP address:	
DDNS	
Status:	Success
Host name:	ycam.dtdns.net
external IP address:	82.44.126.170
UPNP port forwarding	
Status:	Success
Gateway external IP address:	82.44.126.170
Gateway external port:	8150
Internet URL:	http://ycam.dtdns.net:8150
Internet Connection	
Status:	connected
Storage	
Current storage:	SD card
Status:	Not ready
Current users	

Firmware Version – Your current firmware version. Check the y-cam.com website to see if there are updates for your model.

Wireless – The current status and strength of your wireless connection if in use.

IP address – The internal IP address of your camera so you can access it on your local network.

DNS Servers – If this option is empty, it may prevent your camera from sending email alerts. Enter the DNS in the TCP/IP menu if needed.

DDNS – If you do not have a static IP address, a DDNS service helps you access your camera easily from outside your network. This confirms the DDNS is active or not.

UPNP – If your router has UPNP and it has successfully worked with your camera, this will tell you here. This saves you forwarding any ports.

Internet URL – This is the external address and Port of the camera.

Storage – Lets you know if storage is available on SD card or NAS drive.

6.3 Support Page

Click Support to see current support information.

If you are having problems with your Y-cam do not worry, there is plenty of help available.



Speak to your place of purchase, they should offer free after sales advice and support.

Free Technical Support is available for your Y-cam product at:



http://support.y-cam.com

Our Support Centre offers help by ticket support as well as a Knowledge Base of common problems and advanced settings.



Free Technical Support is available for your Y-cam product by email:

helpdesk@y-cam.com



Connect & discuss Y-cam with other Y-cam users:

http://y-cam.com/forum



You can even connect with us via Twitter and Facebook, we are happy to help:

http://facebook.com/ycamsolutions http://twitter.com/ycamsolutions

English

6.4 Reboot

Click Reboot in the Header Menu to access the Camera Reboot page.



Click Reboot to restart the Y-cam. Rebooting the camera will retain all the settings and configurations.

A reboot is normally necessary when you insert a microSD card into the camera.

English

6.5 Camera Menu

The Camera menu is located on the right of the Settings screen. When you click on the word "Camera", a sub-menu of camera setup options will be displayed.

▼ Camera

Camera Setup

Stream Setup

OSD Setup

Night Vision Setup

Please note: The Night Vision Setup option will not be available on all models.

6.5.1 Camera Setup

For most users, many of these settings can be left as default.

System: □ Enable privacy mode □ Disable power LED light Camera: Light frequency: □ Enable image mirror □ Enable image flip vertical Microphone: Volume: □ Apply

Camera Setting Options

System:

[Enable privacy mode] Videos will not be seen.

[Power LED light] Turns off the Y-cam front LED on or off during normal operation.

Camera:

[Light Frequency] Two options: 50Hz & 60Hz. This should be set according to the mains frequency of the country the camera is being used in. For UK this would be 50Hz. For the USA this would be 60Hz.

[Enable image mirror] Displays a mirrored view of the video.

[Enable image flip vertical] Display video upside down – useful if you have installed the camera upside down.

Microphone:

[Microphone] Enables or disables the built-in microphone.

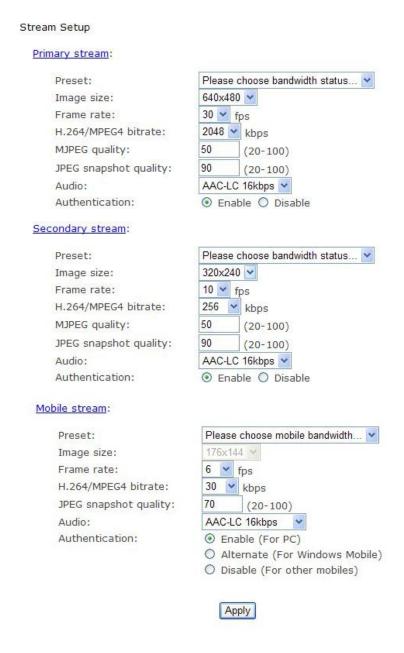
[Volume] Adjusts the sensitivity of the microphone from 0~10 where 0 is the lowest.

Click **Apply** to confirm your setting.

6.5.2 Stream Setup

Click on Stream Setup under the Camera Menu to change the streaming settings for your camera. This is useful if you require a certain size of video stream, a certain quality, or different streams for different devices (such as laptop or mobile phone).

Default settings will normally suffice for most users.



There are a number of video streams available. You can configure settings for the primary and an optional secondary video stream. Configuring a secondary stream is useful for providing a video stream that is at a lower resolution than the primary stream to third-party devices or software. Some devices and software require lower resolution.

The Mobile stream is similar to the first two streams but is purely for mobile viewing and has a fixed resolution.

Stream Setting Options

[Present] There are five pre-programmed stream profiles for quick set-up. Please choose the one according to your bandwidth.

[Image size] Image resolutions available are as follows:

Y-cam Cube: 640 x 480(VGA), 320 x 240(QVGA), 160 x 120 (QQVGA). The mobile stream has a fixed image size of 176x144.

Y-cam Cube HD 720: 1280x720 (HD720p), 768x432, 512x288, 256x144). The mobile stream has a fixed image size of 176x144.

Y-cam Cube HD 1080: 1920x1080 (HD1080p), 1280x720 (HD720p), 768x432, 512x288, 256x144. The mobile stream has a fixed image size of 176x144.

[Frame rate] Twelve options: 1/2/3/4/5/6/8/10/15/20/25/30 frames per second (fps). The frame rate is automatically determined by the camera and this depends on the network bandwidth available at the time. This frame rate setting imposes the maximum frame rate that the camera will transmit.

[H.264/MPEG4 bit rate] Select H.264/MPEG4 bit rate. These settings determine the image quality, however higher bitrates require greater bandwidth. Please select the appropriate settings according to your connection speed and network traffic. If you are experiencing jerky video it may be necessary to decrease the bitrate. For the Mobile Stream, the bitrates are listed a lot lower but retain the same principle.

[MJPEG Quality] This sets the quality of the video when viewing the camera using Motion JPEG (without audio). It can be from 20 to 100 where 100 is the best quality.

[JPEG snapshot Quality] The quality of the snapshot saved using Live View page (Internet Explorer only). It also affects the quality of the snapshot to be uploaded to an FTP Server. It can be from 20 to 100 where 100 is the best quality.

[Audio] Select or disable the audio bit rate.

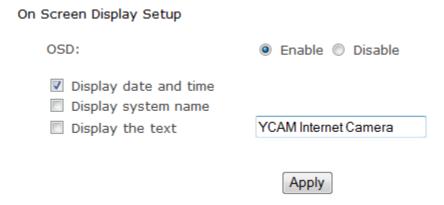
[Authentication] Select or disable MPEG4 RTSP authentication. RealPlayer can be used to view the live stream from the Y-cam, but RealPlayer does not support authentication, so the authentication of MPEG4 RTSP should be disabled. This however may expose the camera to unauthorised access. QuickTime Player, on the other hand, supports authentication and can be used to view the live stream.



Clicking on the name of the stream will display the various paths to the particular video stream.

6.5.3 OSD Setup

Click on OSD Setup under the Camera Menu to change the on-screen display parameters of the camera.



On Screen Display Setting Options

[OSD] Enable or Disable the On Screen Display.

OSD Options

[Display date and time] Sets the OSD to display the Date and Time of the camera. Please note that this function will simply display the date and time that has been programmed in the camera and therefore the time and date may be incorrect unless the camera is synchronized to a time and date server on the internet. This is accessible under the Tools menu and will be covered in more detail in the manual.

[Display system name] Set the OSD to display the System Name of the camera. The system name can be modified from the System Identity page, accessible under the Tools menu, and will be covered in more detail in the manual.

[Display the text below] Set the OSD to display specific text. Use the text field to input the desired text.

Click **Apply** to confirm your setting.

6.5.4 Night Vision Setup

The Y-cam uses infrared LEDs to provide high levels of light in dark environments. The intelligent photosensitive components can automatically turn on the infrared LEDs in low light conditions or you can manually turn them on.

Click on Night Vision Setup under the title Camera to change the settings for your camera.

Auto ○ On ○ Off
Auto ○ On ○ Off
Auto ○ On ○ Off

[Infrared LED Control] "Auto" switches on the IR LEDs automatically when there isn't enough light to produce a good quality image. "On" turns the IR LEDs on permanently and ignores the light level in the room (resulting in a Black & White mode). When "Off" is selected the IR LEDs are kept in the off state even if the light level of the room is too dark to produce a good quality image. This may be useful if the LEDs are reflecting off a nearby surface and obstructing your view.

[Black and white mode] "Auto" switches the video from colour to monochrome when the IR LEDs are turned on. "On" switches the video to monochrome irrelevant of the status of the IR LEDs. "Off" forces the Y-cam to stay in colour mode even when the IR LEDs are on.

[Moonlight Mode] Turns Moonlight mode on or off or set it to automatic. The Moonlight feature superimposes frames in order to brighten the image being viewed. This is also known as frame integration. In "Auto" the camera uses the front Light Level Sensor to detect the amount of light available to the camera. Should the light level below, the camera would automatically turn this feature on.

[IR cut filter control] IR is present naturally in day light, this can cause discolouration of images where the greens can look purplish. The IR cut filter blocks these IR lights from coming back onto the lens of camera, and this gives a true day image.

However, if the IR cut filter is on during night, the night vision will not work. It is recommended to leave the IR cut filter control to Auto at all times, to achieve best results from the camera.

Select [Auto] - [On] - [Off]

English

6.6 Network Menu

The Network menu is located on the right of the Settings screen. When you click on the word "Network", a sub-menu of network setup options will be displayed.

▼ Network

Wireless Setup

TCP/IP Setup

PPPoE Setup

DDNS Setup

UPNP Setup

6.6.1 Wireless Setup

The Y-cam can connect to any wireless network through standard Wi-Fi connections.



Wireless Setup Options

[Wireless] - Enable or Disable the Wi-Fi adaptor.

[Search] - Click the Search button for the Y-cam to scan for available Wi-Fi networks to connect to.

A new screen will display all the wireless networks found. Select the desired network, and click Apply.

The Y-cam will automatically choose the best options for connecting to the network.

You then need to enter your Wi-Fi password.

If your network is not listed, try repositioning your Y-cam nearer to the wireless device.

If you need to, you can enter your Wi-Fi network details manually; instructions on how to do this are below:

[SSID] Type the ID of the wireless network you want to connect to or an easier option is to click "Search" and all available Wireless Networks in range will be displayed. If your network isn't listed, move the camera closer to your wireless router or access point.

[Mode] Infrastructure mode or Adhoc mode:

Adhoc Mode: Select Adhoc mode when you want to connect the camera wirelessly directly to your computer. **Infrastructure Mode**: Select Infrastructure mode when the camera is connected via an access point or router.

If you have connected your camera to your network via a router or switch, you will need the settings for "Infrastructure" setup. If you have connected your camera directly to a computer, you will need the next section for "Adhoc" setup.

6.6.1.1 Infrastructure Wireless Setup Options

[Security mode] Select the type of security mode that your wireless network is using. None (i.e. off), WEP64, WEP128, WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK

Whichever you are using, you will need to enter the settings to connect to your router. Each mode has default settings, which should suit most installations.

Any "key" it requires is the password you use to access your Wi-Fi / Wireless Connection. You need to enter this twice so it matches.

Security Mode Options

[Authentication] Select the type of authentication that your router requires.

[Key type] Select the WEP/WPA key type. Either in hexadecimal (Hex) or ASCII characters. Note: Most routers provide WEP keys in Hex format.

[Encryption type] Select either TKIP or AES for your default encryption setting.

[WEP/WPA key] Type the encryption key that matches that of your router. You will need to enter this twice.

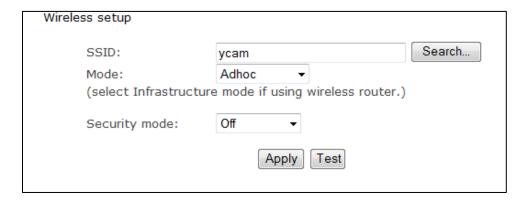
Once you have entered your settings, click "Apply" to save them. If you have entered different keys when retyping them or the key doesn't match the length or type of characters required by the encryption type, the camera will notify you.

Once the correct settings are saved, click on "Test" to test the settings. The test will take a few moments to run, and if your connection can successfully send and receive data, you will get a "success" message.

Note: The settings you enter to connect to your Wi-Fi / Wireless access point or router need to be correct. Please contact the provider of the Wireless router or access point, or consult the equipment manual on how to verify or modify these settings.

6.6.1.2 Adhoc Wireless Setup Options

If you want to make a direct wireless connection from your camera to your computer, you will need to setup the Y-cam in "Adhoc" mode.



In order to view the Y-cam directly from your computer you first need to configure the wireless device in your computer according to the Y-cam settings above.

Once "Adhoc" has been selected, select a "Security Mode" and type in a connection key, and click "Apply".

English

6.6.1.2 WPS Setup

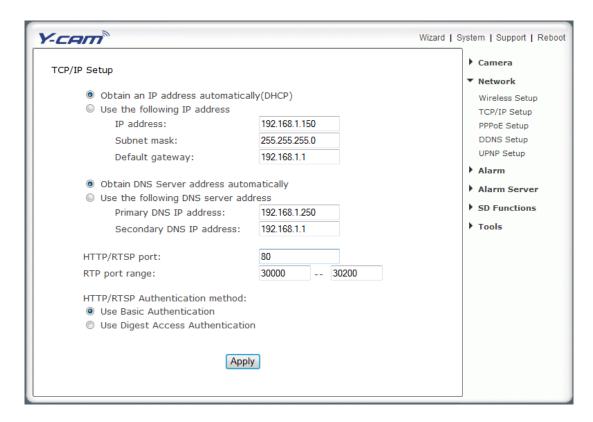
Additionally the Y-cam Cube camera can be setup through a WPS connection, if your router supports this function.

To connect to your camera through these means press the WPS button located on your router and then the WPS button located on the side of the Cube camera the power light on the camera will flash blue, please wait until the light becomes solid red before unplugging the cable. This will establish the connection.

Note: The Push Button option should be enabled on the router for this function to work.

6.6.2 TCP/IP Setup

The Y-cam is setup to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) from your Network by default, so these settings should not be needed by most users. Should you wish to assign the IP address manually, use this page to enter the address details.



If your network supports a DHCP server (e.g. router) select this option to have the IP address is assigned automatically. If you select **Obtain an IP address automatically** you should select **Obtain a DNS Server address automatically**.

[Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)]

[Use the following IP address] Select this option when a fixed IP is required.

[IP address] Type the IP address of your camera (Required).

[Subnet mask] Type the subnet mask (Required).

[Default gateway] Type the default gateway (Required).

[Primary DNS IP address] Type the IP address of the primary DNS server (Required).

[Secondary DNS IP address] Type the IP address of the secondary DNS server, if necessary (Optional).

[HTTP port number] The default HTTP port number is 80.

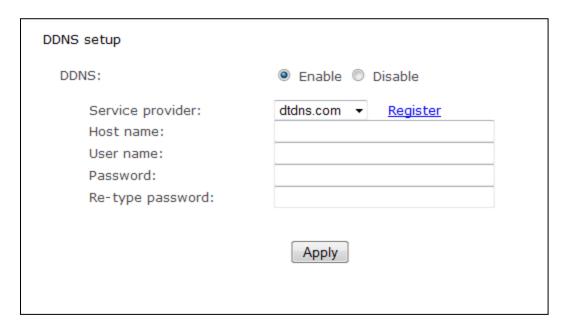
[RTSP port range] In order to view video over RTSP the router should be setup to forward a port in the range 30000 to 30100 to the camera's IP address using UDP with an internal port in the range of 30000 to 30100. Refer to your router manual for further details.

6.6.3 DDNS Setup

If you have a broadband connection that gives you a dynamic IP address (very common), you should set up a DDNS account so the camera will auto update with a web service every time your IP address changes.

This is also one of the easiest ways to view your camera online from anywhere in the World, so is a highly recommended step.

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is simply a way of using a static hostname to connect to a dynamic IP address. When connected to your ISP, you are assigned a temporary IP address. DDNS services keep track of your IP address and route your Domain name to that address when you wish to connect to the camera from a remote location.



[DDNS] Enable or disable DDNS connection. Click "Enable" for the rest of the options to appear.

[Service Provider] Select a provider from the drop down list then click "Register". This will take you to the service provider's website where you can register your own personal host name. Please follow the instructions on the provider's site, and then return to this page to enter the details.

[Host Name] Enter the host name you have registered (e.g. yourname.dtdns.net).

[User Name] Enter the user name for the account you registered with the service provider.

[Password] Enter the password for the account you registered with the service provider.

[Re-type password] Re-confirm the password.

Now you have setup an easily accessible external address for your camera, you now need to setup and confirm an external port for your camera. This is covered in the UPnP section.



If you have only just registered your DDNS account, it may take a while until your account is activated and fully registered on the internet. Some of the DDNS services listed offer free and paying services. A free account is more than adequate for a Y-cam to use.

6.6.4 UPnP Setup

Y-cam supports UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) which is enabled by default.

This allows your camera to easily talk to your router.

UPNP setup		
UPNP:	Enable Disable	
Gateway HTTP/RTSP port forwarding:	Enable Disable	
External HTTP/RTSP port range:	8150 8350	
Gateway RTP port forwarding:	Enable Disable	
External RTP port range:	30000 30200	
Note: RTP port range can't be changed here, you should change it in TCP/IP setup page.		
Apply		

[UPnP] Enable or disable the UPnP function.

We recommend you to have UPnP enabled. For most users of Y-cam, the rest of the settings can be left as the default settings.

[Gateway HTTP/RTSP port forwarding] If this is enabled, the camera will automatically add a port forwarding rule to your router via UPnP protocol. Please note that not all routers support this function. Refer to your router manual for further details.

[External HTTP/RTSP port range] By default, this port range is 8150 – 8350. The ports are assigned in order, so if you only have one camera attached to your system, the chosen port will be 8150 for the first camera, 8151 for the second, and so on. Every camera will remember its port, and it will automatically use this port (if still available) whenever it is powered on.

[Gateway RTP port forwarding] Used when viewing the feed through a VLC player. If not wishing to view the feed through a VLC this should be left enabled.

[External RTP port range] The RTP port range can't be changed here - you should change it from the TCP/IP setup page.

6.6.5 Viewing your camera externally using DDNS

If you have setup your DDNS account, and UPNP is enabled, you should be able to view your camera externally.

To get your cameras external address, visit the Y-cam Settings System page, and it will be listed under "Internet URL".

Open any internet browser on your computer, and type this Internet URL. After a few moments, your Camera Homepage should be displayed. You can then login to view your camera or change your settings as normal.



Please note: Some ISPs disable the ability to view your camera via an external address from the same network as your camera. This will give you a Page Not Found error in your web browser. If this is the case, try to connect to your camera via your DDNS address from a mobile phone, or from another internet connection.

The external address using DDNS is made up of two parts – your DDNS account address and the port you opened via UPnP or manually.

For example: DDNS Host name account: http://yourname.dtdns.com Port: 8150

So with the above information, your camera would have the address of: http://yourname.dtdns.com:8150

Open any internet browser on your computer, and type **your own DDNS** account name, followed by **:8150** (that's a colon, followed by 8150). After a few moments, your Camera Homepage should be displayed. You can then login to view your camera or change your settings as normal.

To confirm your own external camera address, stay within the Settings menu, and click on "System" at the top right of the screen. This will list various settings of your camera. Under UPNP Port Forwarding, it should list your cameras hostname and port.



Please note: If you have only just registered your DDNS account and/or Host Name, it may take a while until your account is activated and registered on the internet.

English

6.6.6 Viewing your camera externally using a static IP

This is possible if your broadband connection uses a static IP address to deliver the internet to your house.

In this case, your camera will be available at, for example:

http://IPADDRESS:PORTNUMBER (Example: http://86.123.123.8150)

You can find your external IP address by visiting http://www.myipaddress.com

6.6.7 Port forwarding if UPNP is not available

If you are not using UPNP or UPNP is disabled on your router, you will need to open a port on your router so that you can access your Y-cam from the internet.

If you are unsure if UPNP is working on your camera, visit your Y-cam Settings System page. Under UPNP port forwarding it will labelled as "Success", "Failed" or "Disabled".

Status:	Disable	
UPNP port forwarding		
Status:	Success	
Gateway external IP address:		
Gateway external port:	8191	
Internet URL:	http:// :8191	
Internet Connection		

Firewall security features built into some routers may prevent the camera's UPNP from configuring your router. Your router connects to the Internet over a series of "ports" and sometimes the default ports used by the Y-cam are blocked from access over the Internet, therefore, these ports need to be made accessible.

This is achieved using the Port Forwarding function on your router. The ports used by the camera must be opened through the router for remote access to your Y-cam. Check your router's user manual for specific instructions on how to open and route ports on you router or you can find instructions for how to do this for your specific router on the following website:

http://www.portforward.com/

- 1. Visit www.portforward.com
- 2. Search your router model number
- 3. Scroll down this list of products to Y.
- 4. Select Y-cam IP Wireless camera.

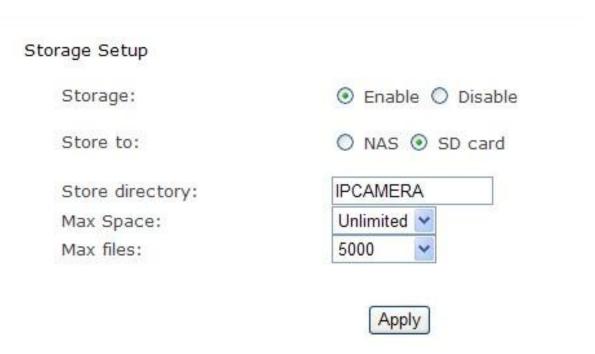
English

6.7 STORAGE

The Storage menu is located on the right of the Settings screen. When you click on the words "Storage", a sub-menu of options will be displayed.



6.7.1 Storage Setup



The Y-cam can record video direct to virtually an NAS drive or to its internal microSD memory card.

[Storage] Select Enable to enable storage option.

[Storage Select] Select whether you want to record on NAS or microSD card.

[Store directory] This is the folder that videos will be saved to.

[Max Space] Storage capacity the camera will use on the chosen storage.

[Max files] The maximum number of files for all the videos can be recorded before overwriting.

This page will cover how to setup your Y-cam to record to a NAS drive.

Storage Setup Enable Disable Storage: Store to: NASSD card //192.168.168.50/ipcam_files NAS remote path: (Example: //192.168.168.50/ipcam_files) Authorization: Yes No User name: admin Password: Re-type password: •••• **IPCAMERA** Store directory: Max Space: Unlimited Max files: 5000

[NAS remote path] This is the address & path where to save the files on NAS Drive (up to a maximum of 2 directory levels).

Apply

[Authorization1] Select whether authentication is required by the NAS Drive.

[User name] & [Password] Type the user name and password of the NAS Drive. This field is required if your NAS Drive requires authentication.

6.7.2 Browse Storage

Clicking on Browse Storage will take you to the following screen where you can view or download the contents of the storage drive.

Browse Storage

No.	Directory	Files
1	All	1662
2	Snapshot on Alarm	88
3	Snapshot at Interval	13
4	Record on Alarm	13
5	Continuous Record	1531

Refresh

[AII] Enables you to view and delete all the files recorded.

[Snapshot on Alarm] Enables you to view and delete snapshots which were recorded upon motion detection.

[Snapshot at Interval] Enables you to view and delete all the snapshots which were recorded on periodical basis.

[Record on Alarm] Enables you to view and delete all the videos which were recorded upon motion detection.

[Continuous Record] Enables you to view and delete all the videos recorded according to the continuous record schedule.

The browse storage page shows a summary of all the files saved for a specific function. To access the files please click on the relevant link and this will display all the files.

Snapshot on Alarm

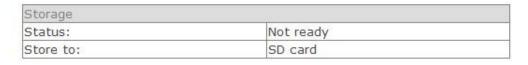
File name	Size (Bytes)	
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-10_379.jpg	49313	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-21_813.jpg	49273	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-23_002.jpg	49015	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-24_982.jpg	49166	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-26_962.jpg	49042	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-30_158.jpg	48893	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-31_352.jpg	48941	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-36_752.jpg	47746	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-38_386.jpg	49108	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-48_395.jpg	48669	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-20-57_332.jpg	48486	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-21-13_794.jpg	48445	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-21-18_252.jpg	48255	download
PA_2013-01-11_12-21-22_219.jpg	48744	download

English

6.7.3 Format SD Card

To format SD card, all files will be lost after format.

SD Card Format





Logon to the camera, under Settings>Storage>Format SD card

Note: Before the SD card is formatted the Format SD card page will display status as "Not Ready". The SD card format can take a few minutes depending on the size of the SD card.

6.8 TASK

6.8.1 Motion Detection

Motion Detection can trigger an alarm that sends images via e-mail or FTP (File Transfer Protocol). You can set up to four different Motion Detection windows.

6.8.1.1 Motion Detection using Internet Explorer

Motion detection threshold and sensitivity can be adjusted. Understanding how threshold and sensitivity interact will help you adjust the motion detection feature to suit your needs.



[Window] Check this box to enable the window.

[Threshold] Determines at what point the alarm is triggered. A lower threshold means less motion is needed to trigger the alarm. A higher threshold means more motion is needed to trigger the alarm. Threshold is indicated by the blue bar when motion is detected.

[Sensitivity] Determines how easily the camera detects motion. Lower sensitivity means the camera is less likely to detect motion. Higher sensitivity means the camera is more likely to detect motion.

Note: Sliding the Sensitivity bar to the left will decrease the sensitivity of the motion detection i.e. 'More' movement is required to trigger the alarm. The best way to configure these settings is to adjust the settings and have someone walk in front of the camera until your feel you are getting the required results. This trial and error method make take quite long to get right but it's the best way to obtain good results.



Please note: Motion detection in Internet Explorer uses the ActiveX plug-in. You will need to install or enable this plug-in if you do not have it. To check you have ActiveX enabled visit http://www.pcpitstop.com/testax.asp

6.8.1.2 Motion Detection using other browsers



[Window] Check this box to enable the window.

[Threshold] Determines at what point the alarm is triggered. A lower threshold means less motion is needed to trigger the alarm. A higher threshold means more motion is needed to trigger the alarm. Threshold is indicated by the blue bar when motion is detected.

[Sensitivity] Determines how easily the camera detects motion. Lower sensitivity means the camera is less likely to detect motion. Higher sensitivity means the camera is more likely to detect motion.

Note: Sliding the Sensitivity bar to the left will decrease the sensitivity of the motion detection i.e. 'More' movement is required to trigger the alarm. The best way to configure these settings is to adjust the settings and have someone walk in front of the camera until your feel you are getting the required results. This trial and error method make take quite long to get right but it's the best way to obtain good results.



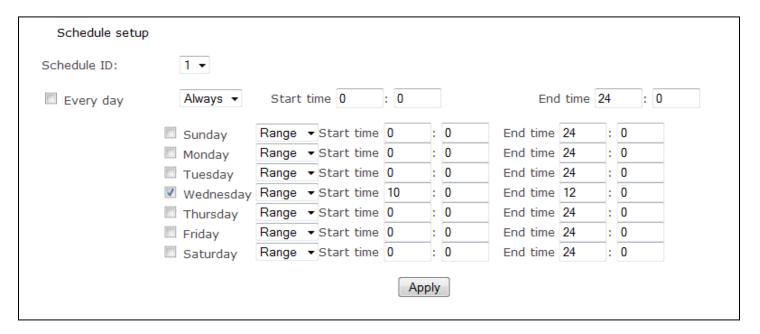
Please note: Motion detection in other browsers uses the Adobe Flash plug-in. You will need to install the Flash plug-in if you do not have it. To check you have the latest version of Flash, visit http://updateflash.org

6.8.2 Schedule Setup

The alarm that the motion detection triggers can be set to be active or inactive at certain times of the week.

By default, the schedule is set to be "active" at all times "always".

However you can set the schedule not to trigger alarms at certain times (useful for instance if you don't want alarms to go off while your office is open from 9am until 5.30pm). You can set up to 4 schedules, and you can use these to send alarms to different places – such as emails, FTP or SD card.



Schedule Setup Options

[Schedule ID] Select the ID, you can save up to four schedules and use them for different purposes.

[Everyday] Activate the alarm daily on specified times. Un-ticking this box will display the days of the week. (See screenshot)

[Always] Alarm is always activated.

[Range] Activates the alarm on specified times.

[Except] Deactivates the alarm during time specified.

[Start time] Start time of the alarm.

[End time] End time of the alarm.

6.8.3 Task Management

There are various tasks you can enable on your Y-cam. This section will explain the various tasks and their functions.

Task Management

No.	Enable	Shedule	Task
1		Always ▼	Email alarm sending
2		Always ▼	Email periodic sending
3		Always ▼	FTP alarm sending
4		Always ▼	FTP periodic sending
5		Always ▼	HTTP alarm sending
6		Always ▼	HTTP periodic sending
7		Always ▼	Snapshot to storage on alarm
8		Always ▼	Snapshot to storage periodically
9		Always ▼	Record to storage on alarm
10		Always ▼	Record to storage continuously
11		Always ▼	Send files in storage to FTP server



[Enable] Enable task.

[Schedule] Option to choose always or set a particular schedule.

[Task] Task function.

6.8.3.1 E-mail alarm sending

The Y-cam can also be configured to send an email when the Motion Detection alarm is triggered.

0:continuous)

[Snapshot from] Select snapshot stream source.

[Snapshot duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep sending emails with attached image after motion stops.

[Snapshot frame rate] The number of frames per seconds that the camera should keep sending images at when an alarm is triggered.

[Alarm interval] This is the number of seconds for which the camera should stop sending e-mail alerts after the first set. Setting the time to 0 disables this feature.

[SMTP server name] Type the name or IP address of the SMTP server you want to use for sending the e-Mails. Please note that some networks do not allow e-mail relaying. Check with your system administrator or Internet service provider for more details.

[SMTP server port] The port number of the e-mail server (default is 25).

[Secure SSL connection] Select whether your SMPT server requires an SSL connection.

[Authentication] Select whether authentication is required by the SMTP server.

[User name] & [Password] Type the user name and password of the e-mail account you wish to use. This field is required if your SMTP server requires authentication.

[Re-type password] Re-type the password.

[Sender e-mail address] Type the e-mail address of the account you are using to send the e-mail. This will be the address the emails come from.

[Receiver e-mail address] Type the recipients' e-mail addresses for who you want the emails to be sent to. Up to 3 addresses can be entered.

[Subject] Subject of the e-mail that is sent. Entering a relevant subject will help identify the alarm better. i.e. "Garage Alarm"

[Message] Type the text you wish to appear in the e-mail. E.g. this is to notify you that your alarm has been triggered.

Notes:

Email settings can be obtained from your e-mail service provider. An SMTP email account is required – these are very common if you use POP3 email and some IMAP servers. A true IMAP server will not work.

Some ISPs won't let you use any other SMTP server other than their own (British Telecom BT is a good example of this).

6.8.3.2 Email periodic Sending

Period interval:	0 H 1 M 0 S (MAX: 24 hours
Snapshot from:	Primary stream
Snapshot duration:	1 seconds (1-20)
Snapshot frame rate:	1 fps
SMTP server name:	
SMTP server port:	25
Secure SSL connection:	○ Yes ⊙ No
Authentication:	Yes ○ No
User name:	
Password:	
Re-type password:	
Sender mail address:	
Receiver mail address:	
	Warning from Network Camera
Subject:	Training nom Hother outline

[Period interval] Time interval between snapshots.

[Snapshot from] Select snapshot stream source.

[Snapshot duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep sending images after motion stops.

[Snapshot frame rate] The number of frames per seconds that the camera should keep sending images at when an alarm is triggered.

[SMTP server name] Type the name or IP address of the SMTP server you want to use for sending the e-Mails. Please note that some networks do not allow e-mail relaying. Check with your system administrator or Internet service provider for more details.

[SMTP server port] The port number of the e-mail server (default is 25).

[Secure SSL connection] Select whether your SMPT server requires an SSL connection.

[Authentication] Select whether authentication is required by the SMTP server.

[User name] & [Password] Type the user name and password of the e-mail account you wish to use. This field is required if your SMTP server requires authentication.

[Re-type password] Re-type the password.

[Sender e-mail address] Type the e-mail address of the account you are using to send the e-mail. This will be the address the emails come from.

[Receiver e-mail address] Type the recipients' e-mail addresses for who you want the emails to be sent to. Up to 3 addresses can be entered.

[Subject] Subject of the e-mail that is sent. Entering a relevant subject will help identify the alarm better. i.e. "Garage Alarm".

[Message] Type the text you wish to appear in the e-mail. E.g. this is to notify you that your alarm has been triggered.

Notes:

Email settings can be obtained from your e-mail service provider. An SMTP email account is required – these are very common if you use POP3 email and some IMAP servers. A true IMAP server will not work.

Some ISPs won't let you use any other SMTP server other than their own (British Telecom BT is a good example of this).

Click **Apply** to confirm your setting.

Some email server settings to use your Y-cam with popular email providers:

gmail.com

SMTP server name: smtp.gmail.com

SMTP server port: 465 Secure SSL: Yes Authentication: Yes

Username: YourUserName@gmail.com

Password: xxxxxxx

att.net

SMTP server name: smtp.att.yahoo.com

SMTP server port: 25 Secure SSL: No Authentication: Yes

Username: YourUserName@att.net

Password: xxxxxxx

gmx.com

SMTP server name: smtp.gmx.com

SMTP server port: 587 Secure SSL: No Authentication: Yes

Username: YourUserName@gmx.net

Password: xxxxxxx

comcast.net

SMTP server name: smtp.comcast.com

SMTP server port: 587 Secure SSL: No Authentication: Yes

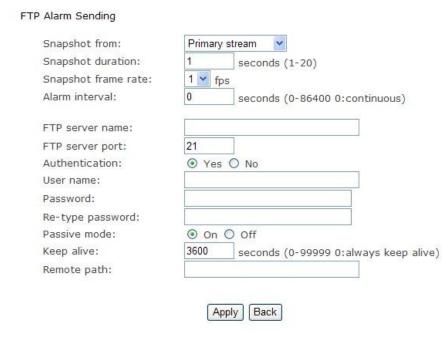
Username: YourUserName@comcast.net

Password: xxxxxxx



Please note: The most common reason for Email Alerts not being sent is that the cameras Primary DNS IP Address is not set. You can check this on your Y-cam Settings System page. If it is empty, you can set it on the TCP/IP settings page, set to your Default Gateway address and this should solve the problem.

6.8.3.3 FTP Alarm Sending



[Snapshot from] Select snapshot stream source.

[Snapshot duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep sending images after motion stops.

[Snapshot frame rate] The number of frames per seconds that the camera should keep sending images at when an alarm is triggered.

[Alarm interval] This is the number of seconds for which the camera should stop sending e-mail alerts after the first set. Setting the time to 0 disables this feature.

[FTP server name] Type the name or IP address of the FTP server.

[FTP server port] The port number of the FTP server (default is 21).

[Authentication] Select whether authentication is required by the FTP server. Choose "No" for anonymous access.

[User name] Type your FTP user name.

[Password] Type your FTP password.

[Re-type password] Re-type your password.

[Passive mode] Switch passive mode on or off. This is required on some FTP servers (Depends on your FTP server settings).

[Keep Alive] Time period for which camera should be connected to the FTP server. The camera will keep the connection with the server for the specified number of seconds after the last upload.

[Remote path] Input the file directory

6.8.3.4 FTP Periodic Sending

FTP Periodic Sending H 1 Period interval: M 0 S (MAX: 24 hours) Snapshot from: Primary stream Snapshot duration: seconds (1-20) Snapshot frame rate: FTP server name: FTP server port: 21 Authentication: Yes ○ No User name: Password: Re-type password: Passive mode: On O Off 3600 Keep alive: seconds (0-99999 0:always keep alive) Remote path: Back

[Period interval] Time interval between snapshots.

[Snapshot from] Select snapshot stream source.

[Snapshot duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep sending images after motion stops.

[Snapshot frame rate] The number of frames per seconds that the camera should keep sending images at when an alarm is triggered.

[FTP server name] Type the name or IP address of the FTP server.

[FTP server port] The port number of the FTP server (default is 21).

[Authentication] Select whether authentication is required by the FTP server. Choose "No" for anonymous access.

[User name] Type your FTP user name.

[Password] Type your FTP password.

[Re-type password] Re-type your password.

[Passive mode] Switch passive mode on or off. This is required on some FTP servers (Depends on your FTP server settings).

[Keep Alive] Time period for which camera should be connected to the FTP server. The camera will keep the connection with the server for the specified number of seconds after the last upload.

[Remote path] Input the file directory.

6.8.3.5 HTTP Alarm Sending

HTTP Alarm Sending

Alarm interval:	30	seconds (0-86400 0:continuous)
Sending URL:		
Authorization:		es No
User name:		
Password:		
Re-type password:		
		Apply Back

Alarm interval]: This is the number of seconds for which the camera should stop sending HTTP notification alerts after the first alarm trigger. Setting the time to 0 disables this feature and an HTTP alert is sent on every motion alert detected.

[Sending URL] Input the URL where the camera shall forward alarm

[Authentication] Select whether authentication is required by the FTP server.

[User name] Type your HTTP user name.

[Password] Type your HTTP password.

[Re-type password] Re-type your password.

6.8.3.6 HTTP Periodic Sending

Periodic Sending Period interval: Sending URL: Authorization: User name: Password: Re-type password: Apply Back

[Period interval] Time interval between HTTP sending.

Sending URL] Input the URL to which the camera will send an alarm to.

[User name] Type your HTTP user name.

[Password] Type your HTTP password.

[Re-type password] Re-type your password.

6.8.3.7 Snapshot to Storage on Alarm

Snapshot to Storage on Alarm

Snapshot from:	Primary stream ▼
Snapshot duration:	1 seconds (1-20)
Snapshot frame rate:	1 ▼ fps
Alarm interval:	0 seconds (0-86400 0:continuous)
Image file name:	PA
Suffix of file name:	Sequence number Date time
	Apply Back

[Snapshot from] Select snapshot stream source.

[Snapshot duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep sending images after motion stops.

[Snapshot frame rate] The number of frames per seconds that the camera should keep sending images at when an alarm is triggered.

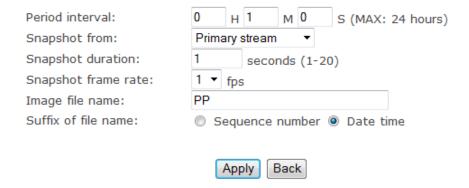
[Alarm interval] Number of seconds for which the camera should stop sending e-mail alerts after the first set. Setting the time to 0 disables this feature.

[Image file name] Name of file image snap shots are saved to

[Suffix of file name] Choose between Sequence number and Date

6.8.3.8 Snapshot to Storage Periodically

Snapshot to Storage Periodically



[Period interval] Time interval between snapshots.

[Snapshot from] Select snapshot stream source.

[Snapshot duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep sending images after motion stops.

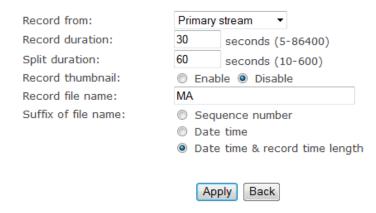
[Snapshot frame rate] The number of frames per seconds that the camera should keep sending images at when an alarm is triggered.

[Image file name] Name of file image snap shots are saved to

[Suffix of file name] Choose between Sequence number and Date

6.8.3.9 Record to Storage on Alarm

Record to Storage on Alarm



[Record From] Select the stream from which it should record.

[Record duration] The number of seconds that the camera should keep recording video after motion stops. If there is any motion within this time the camera will keep recording until there is no motion for the duration of this parameter. It can be from 5 seconds to 24 hours.

[Split duration] This specifies the maximum duration of one file. If the recording goes on for longer than this parameter the camera will split the video into a number of files.

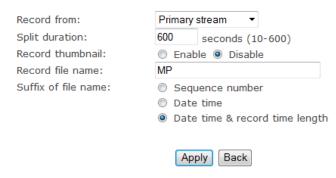
[Record thumbnail] Enable or disable thumbnail.

[Image file name] Name of file image snap shots are saved to

[Suffix of file name] Choose between Sequence number and Date

6.8.3.10 Record to Storage Continuously

Record to Storage Continuously



[Record From] Select the stream from which it should record.

[Split duration] This specifies the maximum duration of one file. If the recording goes on for longer than this parameter the camera will split the video into a number of files.

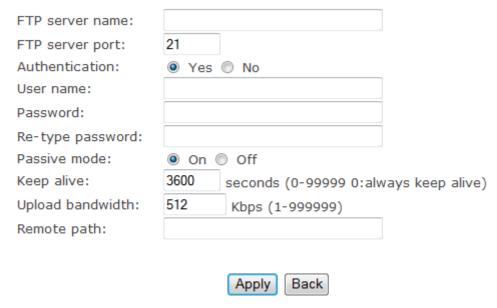
[Record thumbnail] Enable or disable thumbnail.

[Image file name] Name of file image snap shots are saved to

[Suffix of file name] Choose between Sequence number and Date

6.8.3.11 Send Files in Storage to FTP Server

Send Files in Storage to FTP Server



[FTP server name] Type the name or IP address of the FTP server.

[FTP server port] The port number of the FTP server (default is 21).

[Authentication] Select whether authentication is required by the FTP server. Choose "No" for anonymous access.

[User name] Type your FTP user name.

[Password] Type your FTP password.

[Re-type password] Re-type your password.

[Passive mode] Switch passive mode on or off. This is required on some FTP servers (Depends on your FTP server settings).

[Keep Alive] Time period for which camera should be connected to the FTP server. The camera will keep the connection with the server for the specified number of seconds after the last upload.

[Upload bandwidth] Available bandwidth to be used to upload the contents onto the FTP Server.

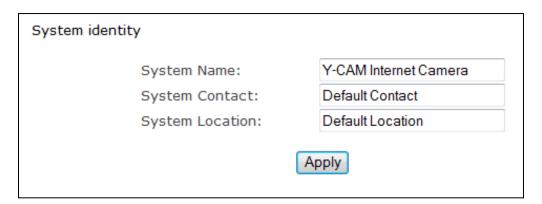
[Remote path] Input the file directory.

6.9 Tools Menu

The Tools menu is located on the right of the Settings screen. When you click on the word "Tools", a sub-menu of setup options will be displayed.



6.9.1 System Identity



[System Name] Type a name to easily identify the Y-cam.

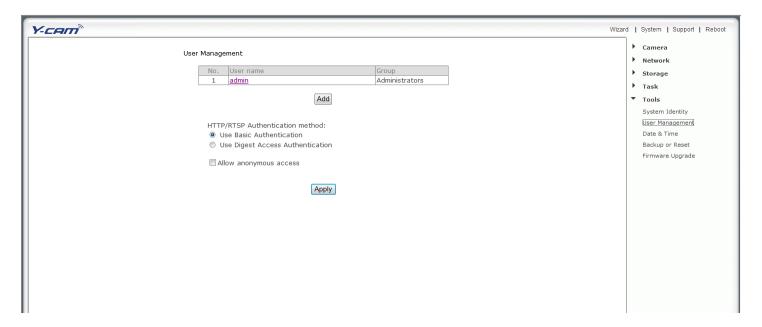
[System Contact] Type the contact name of the administrator of the Y-cam. This is useful in large organisations.

[System Location] Type the location of the Y-cam. This is useful when using a multi-camera viewer program.

Tip: The information you fill in can be displayed on the camera. It can help to distinguish different cameras on the network.

6.9.2 User Management

Allows you to add or remove users who can view your camera. Useful if you want to allow others to view your camera, without having full admin rights.



[Add] Up to 64 users (including the admin) can be created.



Adding users: Click Add on the Camera User List page, then fill in a username and password (twice) and then click Add.

To edit a user's password: Click on the user name then enter the new password for that user twice and click Save. **To delete a user:** Click on the user name then click **Delete**.

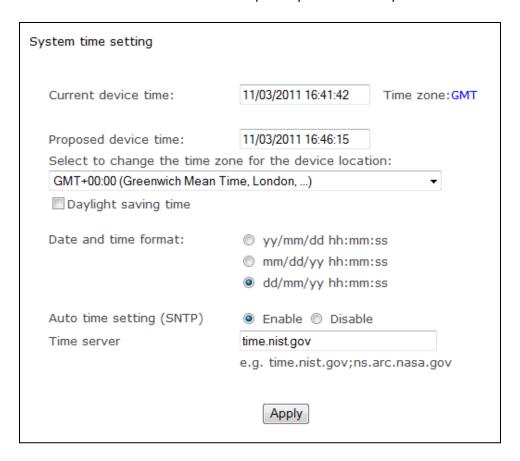
Note: A maximum of 16 users are allowed to access the camera simultaneously. As the number of simultaneous users increases, the overall performance will decrease. This is dependent on the network bandwidth, not the camera.

[Allow anonymous access] This is to be used if you wish to share video with other users, without prompting them for a user name and password. This will allow the user free access to view the "Live View" page, whereas access to the Settings page will still be prohibited.

[Authentication method] The "basic" authentication scheme is based on the model that the client must authenticate itself with a user-ID and a password. Digest Access is a more secure login method as the username and password are encrypted before being sent over the internet, however not all systems support Digest Access Authentication.

6.9.3 Date & Time

Allows you to set the date and time - used for the timestamp of any files created by the camera.



[Current device time] Internal time of the Y-cam.

[Proposed device time] PC system time. On clicking Apply the internal time of the Y-cam will be changed to this time.

[Select to change the time zone for the device location] Choose your time zone.

[Daylight saving time] tick the box to enable daylight saving time.

[Date and Time format] Select the format of the date and time.

[Auto time setting (SNTP)] Enable or disable the auto time setting to update to the server below.

[Time server] Type the SNTP server name. There are suggestions included.

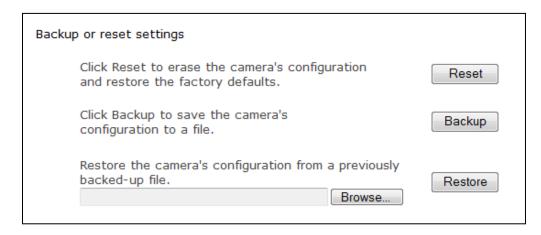
Note:

- 1. If the SNTP server is not found the Y-cam's time will be synchronized with the PC time.
- 2. The Y-cam keeps track of the time even when power is disconnected.

Click **Apply** to confirm your settings.

6.9.4 Backup and Reset

Allows you to reset the camera to factory defaults, backup the configuration in case of accidental reset and restore settings from a backup.



[Reset] Click Reset to initialize the Y-cam to default factory settings. All users and settings will be lost, requiring you to reconfigure the camera.

[Backup] Click Backup to back-up the current configuration of the Y-cam for future reference. Once you have your camera setup as you require, this is recommended.

To restore a backup file:

[Browse...] Click Browse... to search for a backup configuration you wish to upload to the camera, then click Restore.

Note: Do not turn off the power during the Restore function since this might corrupt the camera's firmware

6.9.5 Firmware Upgrade

From time to time a new firmware may be released for your model of Y-cam.

To check for updates, consult the Y-cam website at http://www.y-cam.com

We do recommend you update to the latest firmware for your camera whenever we release one to take advantage of new features and bug fixes. However, this is a serious process and can damage your camera if not done correctly.

If your firmware is several versions out of date, upgrading straight to the latest one is perfectly fine, you do not need to install each and every update.

Once you have downloaded the latest firmware, store it in a place that is easily to get to. The firmware is in a ZIP file, which is a compressed file format. You will need to move or copy the file from this compressed folder (some versions of Windows will allow you to do this, but if not, you will need a program like WinZip or WinRAR to unzip the file to a standard folder). This is very important as the firmware will not update properly if it's left in the compressed state.

It is recommended you reboot your computer before attempting this operation and then close ALL programs that may interfere with the process. Interruption to this process will result in your camera being un-useable.

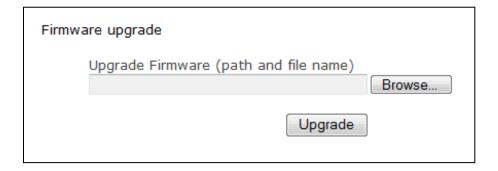


Please note: You may want to back-up your settings before the upgrade. You may also want to make a note of your settings before upgrade. The backup/restore configuration may not work between firmware upgrades, so always make a note before starting



Click Continue if you want to install a new firmware.

Select Browse... and locate the file you have uncompressed from the ZIP file.



Once you have located the file and selected it, click Upgrade.

When you click upgrade, the process will start. This can take 5-10 minutes. Don't perform any other actions on your computer while you are doing this upgrade.

After the upgrade completes, you will be prompted to reboot the camera, and after this your latest firmware will be recorded.

If the update hasn't worked after 15-20 minutes, reset the camera via the side button on the camera.

If you camera is unresponsive, you will need to contact either your place of purchase or Y-cam directly. Your dealer or Y-cam Solutions Ltd reserves the right to charge for any repair attributable to faulty upgrading by the user.

7.0 ADVANCED SETTINGS

7.1 Manually entering TCP/IP Settings for a Camera

In most cases, this is not required as the router will assign the correct settings to the camera. It is however useful if you want to setup the TCP/IP settings of the camera before you connect to it, if DHCP is disabled across your network, or if you have subnet network problems.

Assigning an IP address to the Camera with Y-cam Setup utility

- 1. Launch Y-cam Setup to detect the camera on your local network.
- 2. Select a camera, click on "Setup" and the following setup interface will pop up.



- Enter a unique name for the camera, the location (optional) and leave the default port number as 80. "Obtain an IP
 address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" are selected by default, if you are confident
 enough to enter your own settings, you can do so by selecting "Use the following IP address" and follow the
 guidelines on the next page.
- 2. To obtain the IP addresses specific to your network, click "Start" then "Run" and type "cmd" in the text box and click "Ok". This will bring up the MS-DOS prompt. In this window type "ipconfig/all" and press enter. A screen similar to the one below will be displayed.

- 3. Take note of the following:
 - a. IP Address
 - b. Subnet Mask
 - c. Default Gateway
 - d. DNS Servers (Both numbers with the first being the primary DNS server and the second being the secondary DNS server)
- 4. Enter the details noted in step 6 into the relevant fields in the setup.

Note: The default IP address of the camera is 192.168.1.150. This can be changed to any IP address on your IP range. For example if the IP address of your PC is 192.168.1.52 then the IP address of your camera should be unique and on the same subnet, i.e. 192.168.1.X where X is any number between 1 and 255 except 52. Ensure the IP address you chose is not the same as other devices on your network as this will result in conflict and may cause the device to not work properly.

5. Once you've entered the details click "Apply" then "Exit".

7.2 Proxy Server Setting

A proxy server may prevent you from connecting to the Y-cam in some corporate environments.

If your computer uses a proxy server, the easiest way to check is via Internet Explorer connection settings.

Note: A proxy server is generally used to maintain security on a network when connected to the internet. The proxy server may cause lack of image quality and delays in refresh intervals. Consult your network administrator for further details.

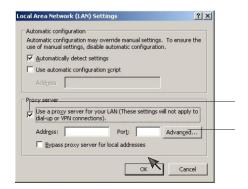
Start Internet Explorer.

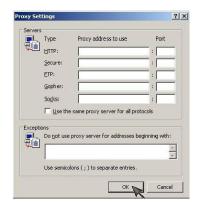
Select [Tools] -> [Internet Options...] -> [Connections] tab and click [LAN Settings].

Verify that the **Use a proxy server** check box is not checked.

When not checked, click [Cancel]. Your proxy server settings should not cause any problems.

If it is checked, click [Advanced...]





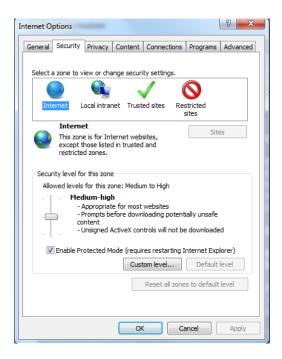
Under exceptions, enter the IP address of your **Y-cam** into the **Do not use proxy server for addresses beginning with** data field.

Click [OK] on all of the opened windows to confirm all settings.

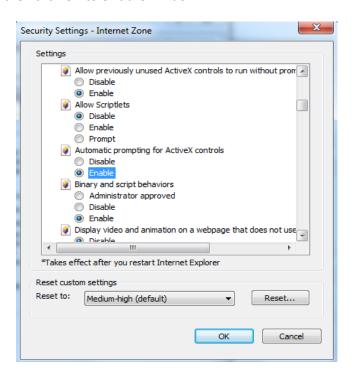
7.3 Enabling Active X in Internet Explorer

Your browser must have Active X enabled to view the camera in Internet Explorer. To activate this, do the following:

- 1) Open a new Internet Explorer window.
- 2) From the menu bar, select **Tools**, and then select **Internet options**...
- 3) From the Internet Options window, select the **Security** tab.



- 4) Click on the **Custom Level...** button.
- 5) Scroll down to the section labelled **ActiveX controls and plug-ins**. Select the option button so that they match the window below and then click **OK** to exit the window.



7.4 Recovering from a failed Firmware update using Windows

If you have tried to install a new firmware on your camera, and the procedure has failed, your camera may be unresponsive. If the firmware update failed, and your cameras BIOS loader has become corrupted, your cameras LED will be flashing green when turned on.

If this has happened, we advise you to get in contact with your cameras reseller or Y-cam directly who may be able to fix the camera.

There is a procedure you can try yourself, however it is quite advanced, so should only be attempted by those with a solid understanding of TCP/IP and running commands from the DOS command prompt.

Procedure:

- Download the correct new firmware for your camera from http://www.y-cam.com and save this to your hard disk
- 2. Unzip (uncompress) the firmware to a directory on your PC. Copy the firmware .MFW file to an easy to access place, such as C:\firmware.
- 3. Write down the full name of the firmware .MFW filename.
- 4. Connect the camera via the Crossover Cable directly to your computer.
- 5. Open Network Settings, and make a note of your current TCP/IP Settings.
- 6. Now change them to the following:

IP Address: 192.168.168.100 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway: 192.168.168.1

- 7. Click OK to save these settings.
- 8. Open an MS-DOS Command Prompt, or choose "Run" from the start menu and type "cmd.exe".
- 9. Change the path in the command prompt to the location of the camera firmware (as in step 2) e.g. C:\firmware and then leave this window open.
- 10. Power off the camera, wait 5 seconds, push down on the reset button on the side of the camera, and with the reset button still pressed down, power on the camera again.
- 11. Release the reset button. The Green LED should start flashing indicating that the camera is in the Firmware Dump Mode.
- 12. Go back to your Command Prompt window on your PC.
- 13. Type this command in to the prompt: "tftp -i 192.168.168.1 put YOUR FIRMWARE NAME.mfw"
- 14. You will need to replace YOUR_FIRMWARE_NAME.mfw with the name of the firmware you downloaded (step 3) Press **Enter** after typing the command.
- 15. The camera's green LED will stop flashing. This means the firmware is being loaded.
- 16. Please wait until the LED starts flashing again this means the firmware has finished installing.
- 17. Turn the power off to the camera.
- 18. Unplug the crossover cable.
- 19. Restore your TCP/IP Settings to their previous state (as in step 5)

Your camera should now be restored to its factory default settings and be working again – you can proceed to the start of the manual and setup your camera as normal.

7.5 Connecting your Y-cam directly to a Computer

You can also connect the Y-cam directly to a computer. Please note that in this mode you will not be able to view your Y-cam from anywhere else apart from the computer you are currently using.

Connect one end of the network cable in to the Y-cam Network Connection socket, and plug the other end in to a spare network port on your computer.

Connect the included power adapter to the power port on the camera and the other end into an electrical socket. Do not turn the power on at this time.

You must then assign your computer an IP address so it can talk easily to the camera.

On a PC:

- 1. Open the Control Panel and double click on "Network Connections" then right click on your "Local Area Network" connection, and click Properties. Be sure to select the Network icon that corresponds to where you have plugged the Y-cam in to so this **would not** be listed as a Wireless, Wi-Fi or Bluetooth Network.
- 2. Select "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)" then click Properties.
- 3. Take note of your current TCP/IP Settings and then click on "Use the following IP settings"
- 4. In the "IP Address" Field type in the number 192.168.1.20
- 5. In the "Subnet Mask" type in **255.255.255.0**
- 6. In the "Default Gateway" type **192.168.1.150** (The camera will automatically assign itself this IP address when no DHCP server is present)
- 7. Leave DNS server settings blank.
- 8. Click "OK" then "Close" to apply these settings.
- 9. Turn the power on to the Y-cam.
- 10. The Connectivity Status indicator on the front of the camera will light up.

You can now proceed to the Software Installation section.

On a Mac:

- 1. Open "System Preferences" from the dock, and then select "Network" to edit your network settings. As the Y-cam is connected to your Mac using a cable we must choose the "Built-in-Ethernet" option. Select "Built-in Ethernet" and click the "Configure" button. Make a note of your current TCP/IP Settings.
- 2. Select "Manually" from the IPv4 drop-down box at the top of the dialog, and then enter these settings:

IP Address: **192.168.1.20** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**

Router/Default Gateway: 192.168.1.150

DNS Servers: Leave blank, not important at this stage. Search domains: Optional, leave blank, not important.

- 3. The click "Apply Now".
- 4. Turn the power on to the Y-cam.
- 5. The Connectivity Status indicator on the front of the camera will light up.

You can now proceed to the Software Installation section.

English

7.6 Using Third Party Software

Any software that supports generic MJPEG cameras should work with Y-cam IP cameras.

In order to use the Y-cams with software that supports adding a generic MJPEG camera, please use the path of your camera with "live/0/mjpeg.jpg" on the end of it. This will instruct the software to extract the Motion JPEG video stream from the specified path in the Y-cam. All current Y-cam models support this method.

7.7 Alternative methods of accessing the video stream

You can also access video/images from the network camera in the following ways:

Primary Stream List

	Intranet stream URL
RTSP H.264 stream:	rtsp://192.168.168.215/live/0/h264.sdp
RTSP MPEG4 stream:	rtsp://192.168.168.215/live/0/mpeg4.sdp
RTSP MJPEG stream:	rtsp://192.168.168.215/live/0/mjpeg.sdp
RTSP audio stream:	rtsp://192.168.168.215/live/0/audio.sdp
HTTP M3U8 stream:	http://192.168.168.215/live/0/h264.m3u8
HTTP MJPEG stream:	http://192.168.168.215/live/0/mjpeg.jpg
HTTP ASF stream:	http://192.168.168.215/live/0/mpeg4.asf
HTTP snapshot image:	http://192.168.168.215/live/0/jpeg.jpg
	Internet stream URL
UPnP port forwarding i	s not enabled, or Gateway does not support UPnP.



For further details please click on the links in the "Stream Setup" page of the camera settings by the name of "Primary Stream", "Secondary Stream" and "Mobile Stream".

8.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Cause and Remedy
I forgot the IP address of the Y-cam	Use the Y-cam Setup program.
I forgot my password to access the Settings menu	You will need to press the RESET button. Note: all configuration settings will be lost.
Wi-Fi connectivity doesn't work.	 Signal strength is weak. Relocate the camera nearer to your router or remove the obstacles between the two. Make sure your wireless network SSID and Encryption settings are identical to your networks. Check for any interference from other equipment.
The picture viewing interface does not appear.	 Check that your Internet Explorer settings allow you to download and install ActiveX controls. Maximum 16 users are allowed to access the camera simultaneously through the network. Network traffic may prevent the viewing interface from appearing quickly. Wait for a while. Refresh the page.
The colour of the picture is strange.	 Confirm the colour setting of PC is 16 bits or more. Identify which Y-cam model you have, Infrared versions of the camera sometimes have shades of colour spectrum alter the images the camera displays due to the Infrared LEDs.
Unreadable characters are displayed.	Set the Encoding or the Character Set of the selected language on the web browser
I cannot see the controls of the Live Feed as the pictures goes over them	 Reset your browsers Zoom setting or text size setting – pressing Ctrl and "0" (zero) at the same time should do this. Try to find settings that reset your page zoom or text zoom.

The motion detection feature does not send e-mail alerts.	 Check the e-mail alert feature is properly configured The SMTP server that the IP camera uses to send the e-mail may be filtering e-mail to prevent spam from being sent from your server. Try using a different SMTP server or contact your ISP to see if SMTP access is being blocked. Your Primary DNS IP Address may not be set
The power LED is flashing green and the camera is inaccessible	A firmware upgrade has been interrupted or the firmware has otherwise been damaged. Please contact your place of purchase or Y-cam Technical Support
Motion Detection triggers unexpectedly	Motion detection is based on changes in pixel in the image. This means that if there are sudden changes in the lighting, motion detection may be triggered mistakenly. Lower the sensitivity setting to avoid problems.
What do the changes to the LED light mean?	Amber - Steady for connection to a 10/100 M bit/s network. Amber - Flashes for network activity. Green - Steady for connection to a wireless network. Green - Flashes for network activity.

If your Y-cam is not working properly, these suggestions might help you identify the problem. If the problem persists check the support section on http://www.y-cam.com/

9.0 GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Adhoc Mode: A wireless network system in which devices communicate directly with each other, without the use of a wireless router.

DDNS: DDNS is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a dynamic IP address with your Network Camera. You can set up your DDNS service and the device will automatically update your DDNS server each time it alter a different IP address.

DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol is a set of rules used by communications devices such as a computer, router or network adapter to allow the device to request and obtain an IP address from a server which has a list of addresses available for assignment.

Firmware: The firmware is the software in your Y-cam that makes the hardware functional and allows you to use the many features of your wireless IP Camera

FTP: File Transfer Protocol. Network cameras equipped with an embedded operating system, such as Linux, can use FTP to send images to a website.

Gateway Address: IP address of the gateway through which the IP camera is connected

IEEE 802.11b/g: The specifications developed by the IEEE for wireless network technology. It provides 11 Mbps transmission in the 2.4GHz band usage.

Infrastructure Mode: One of the wireless network system in which devices communicate with each other by first going through the wireless router.

IP Address: The unique 32 bit number assigned to each computer connected to the Internet. IP numbers are used by the TCP/IP protocol to route packets of data to their destinations.

JPEG: A standard image format, used widely for photographs, also known as JPG.

Network Camera: A stand-alone device which allows users to view live, full motion video from anywhere on a computer network, even over the Internet, using a standard web browser.

Primary DNS: IP address of the primary DNS server, if configured for the IP camera

Subnet Mask: Subnet mask of the LAN to which the IP camera is connected

TCP/IP: The collection of "protocols" underlying the functioning of the Internet. Each computer connected to the Internet is identified by a unique IP Address.

Time server: A time server consists of a computer networking device that reads the actual time from a reference clock and distributes this information to its clients using a computer network.

UPnP: Universal Plug and Play is architecture for pervasive peer-to-peer network connectivity of intelligent appliances and wireless devices.

WEP: Wireless Equivalent Privacy. A security protocol for wireless network defined in the IEEE 802.11b/g standard. WEP aims to provide security by encrypting data over radio waves so that it is protected as it is transmitted from one end point to another.